**Chapter 1 Section 3: The Beginnings of Civilization**

***Directions: Before reading, preview the text headings and write down two questions you have about ancient civilizations. After reading, record your answers to those questions.***

1.

2.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Vocabulary**

**Irrigation:** supplying land with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ through a network of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Surplus:** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Artisan**: A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who is especially \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in crafting items by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Civilization:** A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, central \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ specializations, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ classes.

**Social Class:** A group of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with similar \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, incomes, and ways of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ techniques were important in creating \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

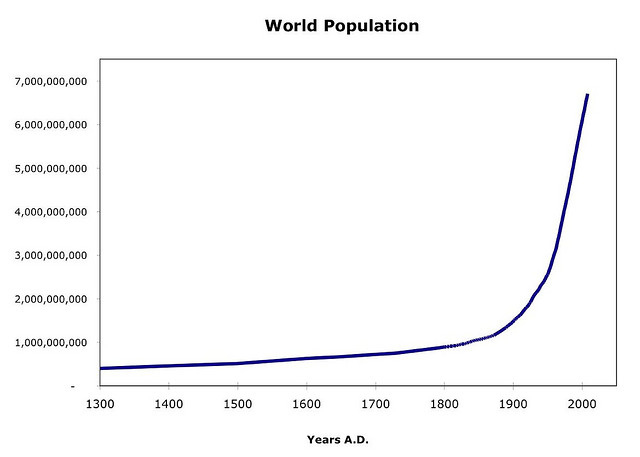
Irrigation is:

**Advantages of a Settled Life**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was harder work than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Yet, it had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rewards.

People who produced their own food could:

People no longer had to:

There was often a surplus in food. Surplus means:

**Population Grows**

How did surplus impact population growth?

Scientists estimated that 10, 000 years ago, the population was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

People settled into farming life \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years ago. The world population rose from 5 million to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

By what date had the population reached more than 6 billion?

How would you describe the rate of population growth before the year A.D. 1?

**Early Villages and Towns**

People lived in the New Stone Age \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ settlements for many centuries.

Food surpluses meant that people:

The Growth of Cities

Cities were more likely to develop in areas where:

People needed a source of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and materials to build \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

The earliest cities grew along \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because the soil is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**The Earliest Cities**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **City** | **Present-Day Location** | **Date Founded** | Where were the cities of Ur and Anyang located, and founded?  What geographic features do you think these two cities had in common? |
| Ur | Iraq | c. 3500 B.C. |
| Memphis | Egypt | c. 3100 B.C. |
| Mohenjo-Daro | Pakistan | c. 2700 B.C. |
| Knossos | Greece | c. 2500 B.C. |
| Anyang | China | c. 1700 B.C. |

What made cities different from villages?

* Population Size: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Structures: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Occupaiotns: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Governments Form**

As \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ grew, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ formed.

The purpose of governments were to: 

**The Bronze Age**

In 6600 B.C. artisans in Europe and Asia learned:

By 3000 B.C., artisans mixed copper with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and made \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

How was bronze different than copper?

**Trade and the Spread of Ideas**

What did traders take to faraway cities? What did they get in return?

By 3500 B.C. some civilizations had developed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

How did this invention affect trade?

How did trade affect society?

**Social Classes Develop:**

Trade led to prosperity, and prosperity led to the development of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Free People